

Board Meeting
14.08.25
Open Session
Item 10.2



# How are we doing?

Q1 2025/26 Board Performance Report

October 2025



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### Page Introduction

NHS Grampian's *Plan for the Future* sets out the strategic direction for 2022–2032 and provides the foundation upon which key enabling plans and activities are aligned. It defines the long-term outcomes we aim to achieve for the population we serve.

To support delivery, NHS Grampian has embedded an Integrated Performance Assurance and Reporting Framework (IPARF), which ensures that performance is assessed, monitored, and reported in a consistent, transparent, and outcomes-focused manner. This framework enables the Board and its Assurance Committees to maintain oversight of progress, understand variation, and evaluate the impact of interventions across strategic, operational, and financial domains.

This Board Performance Report is a key component of that framework. It provides a high-level, balanced summary of the organisation's progress against its strategic aims and delivery commitments. For the 2025/26 reporting year, performance is structured around three Change Programmes that act as vehicles for delivering in-year outcomes aligned to our longer-term strategic intent. These are:

- Value and Sustainability
- Unscheduled Care
- Planned Care

Each programme has a distinct focus, underpinned by clearly defined in-year outcomes, performance indicators, and deliverables. However, they are not standalone efforts. The three programmes form a coordinated and interdependent portfolio of change, connected by a shared emphasis on delivering the right care in the right place, reducing unwarranted variation, empowering our workforce, and measuring what matters through outcomesbased indicators. Progress in one programme supports and strengthens delivery across the others, enabling a more integrated, sustainable, and person-centred system.

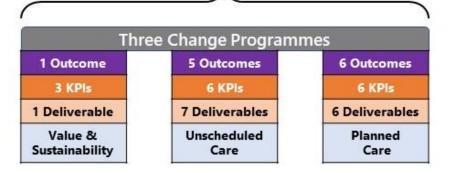
In addition, the report reflects NHS Grampian's contribution to the Scottish Government's Operational Improvement Plan (OIP), which sets out national priorities for improving access, efficiency, and flow across the health and care system. These priorities are embedded within the relevant programmes to ensure alignment between national expectations and local delivery, and to support transparent reporting on progress.

Together, these elements provide the Board with a clear line of sight from strategic vision to operational delivery, enabling assurance that NHS Grampian is progressing towards its intended outcomes in a sustainable and measurable way.

### What do we need to deliver by 31st March 2026?

## NHS Grampian Annual Delivery Plan (ADP) Objectives

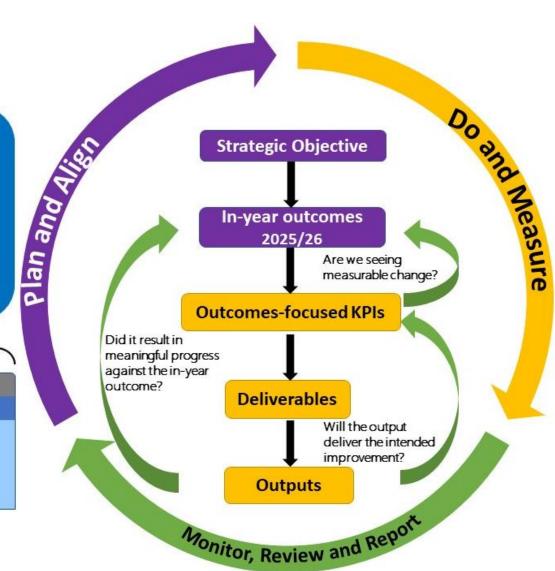
- Balance the system capacity to meet healthcare and population needs whilst delivering financial targets for 2025/26 in line with our finding balance principles
- Optimising system capacity and efficiency to enable wellness and respond to illness resulting in reduced clinical risk



## Scottish Government Operational Improvement Plan (OIP)

The plan brings focus to four critical areas that the Government is committed to delivering, to help protect the quality and safety of care, supported by the increased investment for health and social care in the 2025-26 Scottish Budget: improving access to treatment.





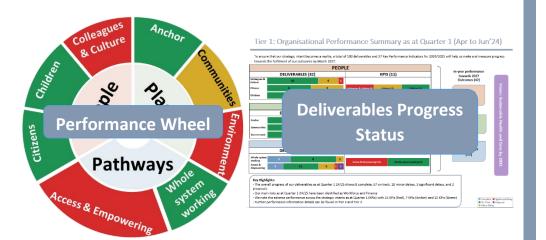
NHS Grampian
Enhanced Performance Model
(2025/26)

### Reading Guide

The format of this report supports a tiered approach on how we review performance information. The purpose of the reading guide is to help you navigate the sections in this report. These are intended to flow, enabling you the flexibility to view high level or drill down data.

#### (Tier 1)

**Our Organisational Performance Summary** (High level overview of "How we are doing" as an NHS Board across our strategic intent)



This section covers two key areas of focus:

#### 1) Our Board Performance Summary across our strategic intent:

The Performance Wheel and Deliverables above indicate a high level overview of our performance as a Board across each of our strategic intent set out in People, Places and Pathways. The Red, Amber, Green (RAG) rating assessment criteria for the Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) and progress status of our Deliverables can be found on the next page.

### 2) Our Board Performance Summary across key critical areas of our organisation:

A high level overview to provide a wider landscape not specifically covered via People, Places and Pathways but critically important for the organisation will be included here.

#### (Tier 2)

**Our Performance Scorecards and Deliverables** (Summary of Key Performance Indicators and

PLACEHOLDER PABE A ONLY Revisit with new Contents explanation

when fully identified - maintain Tiered reporting

Definitions of the key headings on the Performance Scorecards and Deliverables can be found in the next page.

(Tier 3) **Performance Spotlights** tailed focus on adverse or favourable performance with detailed commentaries)

Performance Wheel **Pathways** 

**Performance Spotlights** 

In this section, our Performance Spotlights will provide more drilled down data highlighting areas of favourable and adverse performance from the Performance Scorecards and Deliverables.

The detailed commentaries from Executive Leads cover:

- Our Story so far
- Our Key Risks, Challenges and Impacts
- Our Mitigations and Recovery Actions
- What have we learnt?
- Our Oversight and Assurance

Key spotlight components will be subject to change depending on the areas of focus for the period of reporting.

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#### **KEY**

#### (A) RAG Ratings for the Performance Scorecards:

The ratings of the Key Performance Indicators within each category highlighted in the Performance Scorecards are based on the criteria below, unless otherwise stated:

Assessment Rating	Criteria				
Red	Current performance is outwith the standard/target by				
Reu	more than 5%				
Amber	Current performance is within 5% of the standard/target				
Cuccu	Current performance is meeting/exceeding the				
Green	standard/target				

### (B) Each KPI also has a marker to indicate the direction of performance from the previous quarter, in relation to current target:

Marker	Description
	Improvement in performance from previous quarter
	Decline in performance from previous quarter
	There has been no change between previous and current quarter

Trend graphs to show trend lines will be provided to support circle markers

#### (C) Performance status reporting of 2025/26 Deliverables:

	ment of tones	Prognosis of delivering 2025/26 Deliverables by 31 <sup>st</sup> March 2026						
Yes	No	<ul><li>Complete</li><li>Minor Delay</li></ul>	<ul><li>Significant Delay</li><li>Postponed</li></ul>					

#### Click to return to:

- Value & Sustainability
- Unscheduled Care
- Planned Care

#### **DEFINITIONS**

The following definitions will support you in your understanding of the various key words found throughout the report.

### Strategic Intent

This means People, Places and Pathways as set out in the Plan for the Future.

### Priority Areas

These are the priorities that set out in our delivery plan that helps to align our performance, activities to meet our objectives and strategic intent.

### Key Performance Indicator (KPI)

A KPI is a carefully selected metric, directly linked to our strategic objectives and indicative of overall performance. KPIs are chosen to provide actionable insights into the progress and success of specific goals and objectives, and help assess performance and drive decisionmaking.

#### Deliverables

A key deliverable is an outcome of a task or project activities taking place. Typically outlined at the outset, key deliverables are quantifiable and linked to quarterly milestones for monitoring progress. Milestones serve as markers in time to track and measure progress

#### Outcomes

Outcomes are the specific, immediate or intermediate, tangible and measurable results or changes resulting directly from a programme/project's activities or interventions. They reflect changes in behaviour, knowledge, skills, attitudes, or conditions and are used to assess progress towards long-term goals and impact.

#### Baseline

This indicates the level of performance against each indicator at the end of 2024/25, serving as a reference point against which progress or change can be evaluated.

### **4** Targets

These indicate the performance we are seeking to achieve for the KPIs each quarter as we progress towards the overall objective by March 2026. Each KPI will have quarterly targets, some which will be level throughout the year and some will be cumulative.

### Operational Improvement Plan (OIP)

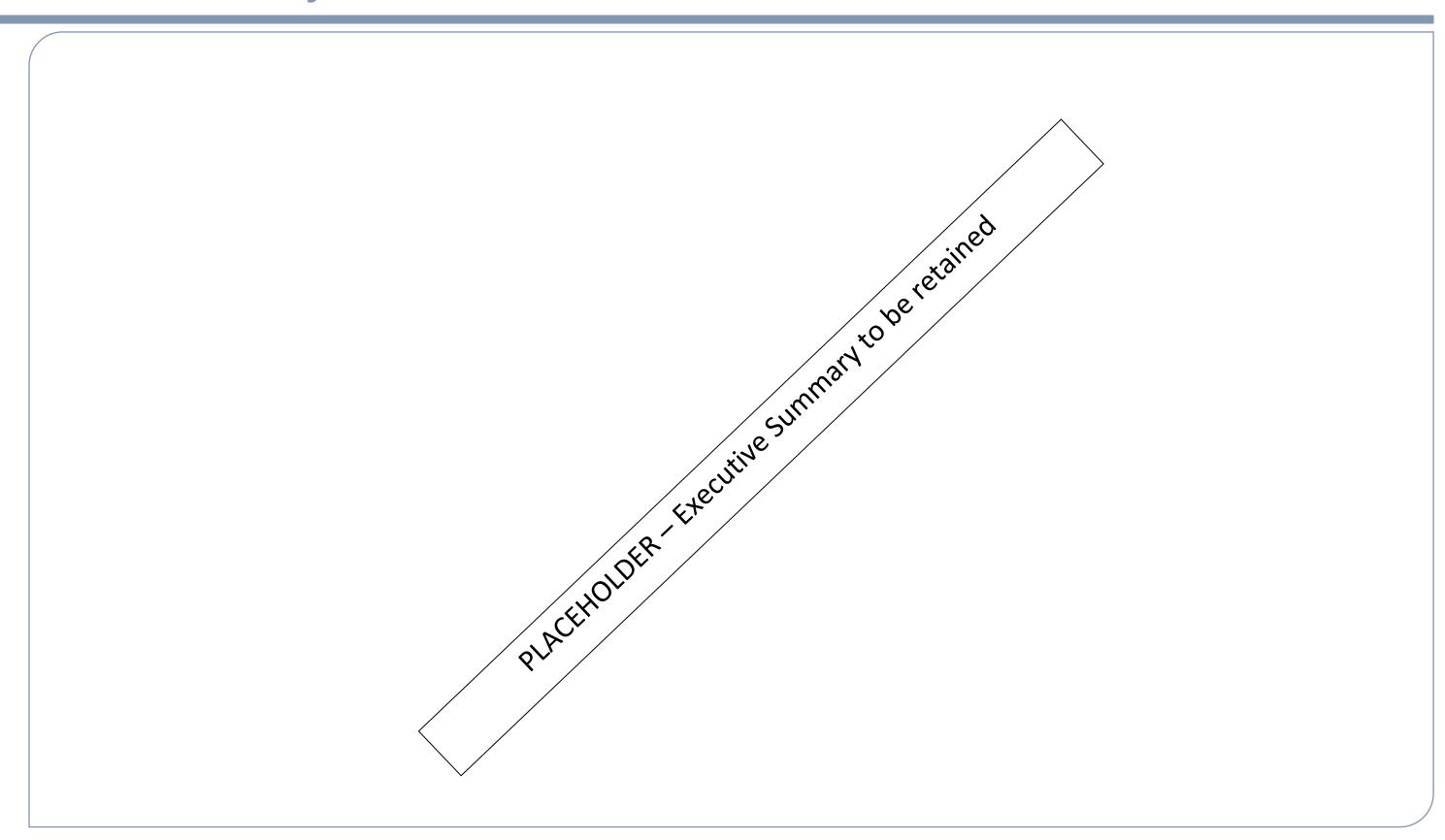
The Operational Improvement Plan sets out how the Scottish Government plans to improve access to treatment, reduce waiting times and shift the balance of care from hospitals to primary care.

### Trend Graphs



Each KPI has a trend graph which shows performance trends over the course of 12 months, where data is available

### **Executive Summary**



### **Voice of our Citizens**

### Complaints received Quarters 3 and 4 2024/25

In the second half of 2024/25, NHS Grampian received 793 complaints; the Integrated Specialist Care Portfolio accounted for 27% of these, we continue to receive a high proportion of complaints in relation to waiting times.

We received an average of 31 complaints per week

• Complaints received decreased by 2% compared to the first half of 2024/25 and increased by 8% from the same period in 2023/24.

complaints received equate to 0.1% of activity\*

Example from OA 202A/25 • Of the 793 complaints received Advocacy services were used by complainants in only 8 complaints. MSP/MP supported 53 complainants, on several occasions more than 1 MP/MSP was involved in the same complaint. Complaints raised by MP/MSP follow the same process, as all other complaints. The Scottish Government followed up on 3 complaints they set a deadline for response, the feedback service collates the response which is sent directly the Chief Executive support team.

• The number of complaints open at month end had been trending up in the year to August 2024, bg/ to January 2025. An increase in the number of complaints received in February, together with a complaint closures in that month has resulted in an increase in the number of complaints or

Compliments continue to be received via feedback cards as well as Care Opinion, and wor' ∕ed to encourage use of Care Opinion to record feedback in real time.

\* Inpatient, Outpatient, Emergency Department

the period 01/10/24-31/03/25

#### **Timescales**

24% of complaints

were closed by

early resolution

Performance in meeting timescales has improved compared with the sa

• 24% of complaints were resolved via ear six months), with an average respons

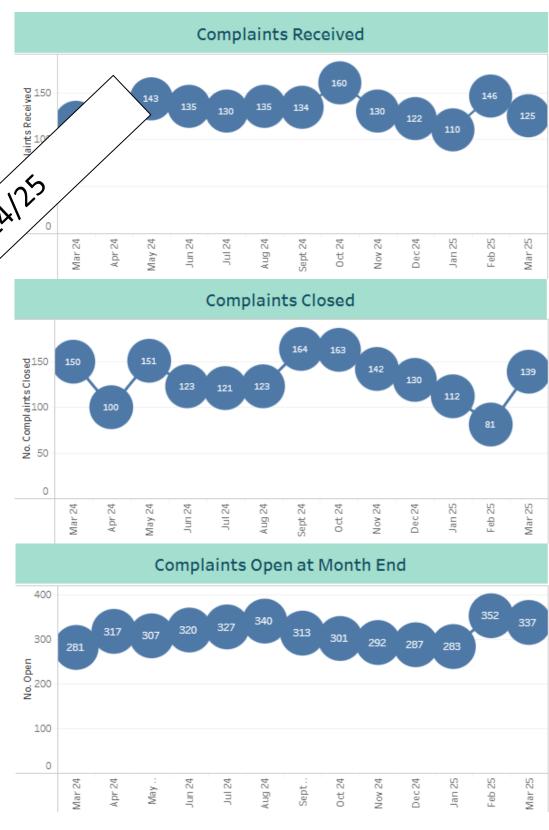
√on (compared to 16% in the previous 7.1 working days.

in the previous year.

 43% were closed within the Model Compaints Handling Procedure target of 20 days, an improvement from 35% for the same period the previous year.

It is best practice to make contact be telephone with a complainant at the earliest opportunity. We have up to 5 working days, or up to 10 if an extension is requested to resolve a complaint under early resolution. This is the best outcome for the complainant as they feel listened to and can expand on the points raised if necessary. It is also of benefit to staff as it allows them to focus on patient care delivery. Sometimes it is possible to agree with the complainant at the initial call what it is that they want us to do and resolve the complaint at that point. Regardless the early contact helps the staff member investigating the complaint to fully understand the most important issues and agree what will be investigated.

Average time to respond by early resolution was 7.1 working days



### **Voice of our Citizens**

#### **Themes**

For the latest six months, staffing and treatment have been the primary themes of complaints, with 34% of complaints attributable to each. Previously staffing was the most common theme, accounting for 41% of complaints.

Breaking this down, the main sub-themes for complaints regarding staffing were oral communication (40%) and staff attitude and behaviour (29%); for treatment, all complaints came under the subtheme of clinical treatment (100%).

PLACEHOLDER. EXample from OA 202A125 We held a 2-hour critical thinking session in November focusing on communication, which provided the opportunity for Quality Improvement trained colleagues across our system to facilitate and challenge us to explore fresh approaches and bold ideas to this persistent issue. Approximately 50 colleagues of varying roles across NHS Grampian were in attendance. We had ambitious aims for our session to build a movement of colleagues across our system on one shared purpose and project, provide colleagues with a chance to share their ideas, hear lived experience and gather ideas and agreed an overall project aim. 83% of colleagues said they had opportunity to share your ideas and listened to, 67% expanded their network as result of this session, and 83% found the session held Key themes from our good examples included kindness, living to our NHS Grampian values, 3 honest and approachable, clarity with action focus, and acknowledging learning in encour listening and checking more on understanding.

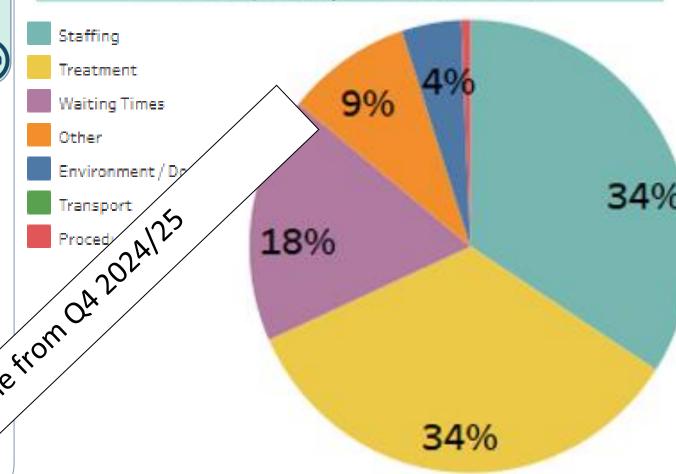
Staffing and **Clinical Treatment** are the most common complaint themes

> It was identified that there were simple administrative errors. The Aseptic team has implemented a revised electronic worklist system, and also introduced a label which is applied to prescriptions to highlight they are multiday.

chemotherapy

### Complaint Themes: 01/10/2024 to 31/03/2025

Note - each complaint may have more than one issue



Communication related complaint

Actions taken to improve communication

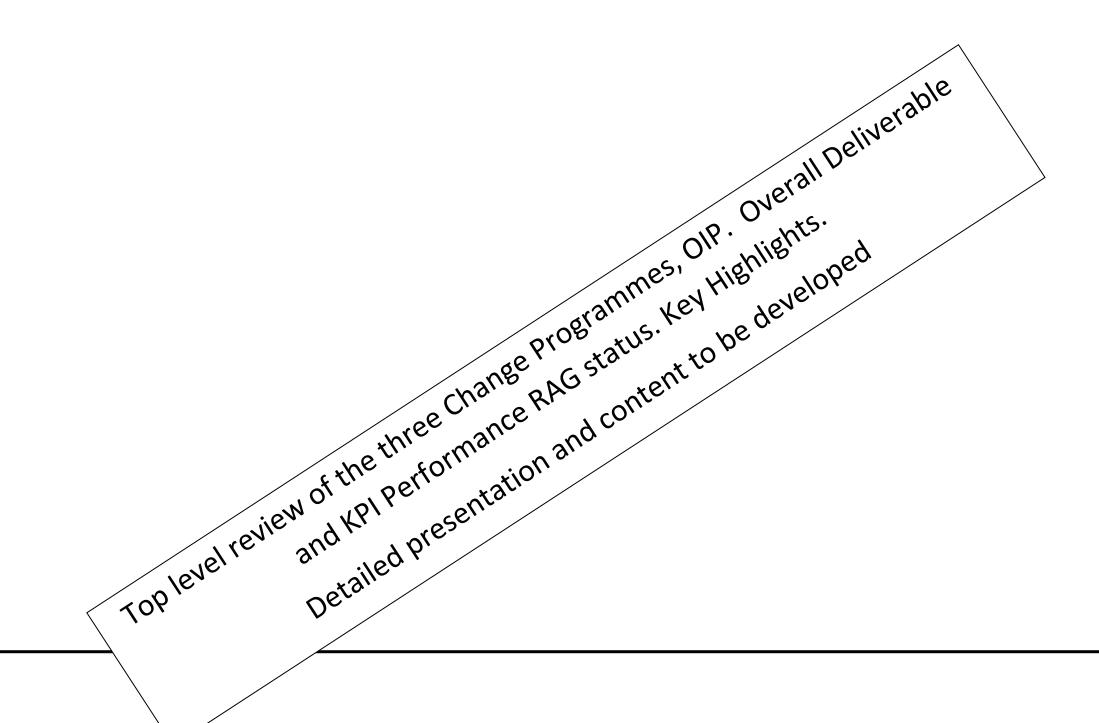
Lack of suitable specialist equipmer patient to manage personal hy

Equipment located and agreement that it will be available for loan on future in patient stays.

Patient advised where to wait for their outpatient appointment, was not called in for appointment. Waited for an hour and then let reception know they were leaving. Received a letter saying removed from list

Service called patient and apologised. A new appointment was made during the call. The patient should have been asked to wait in a smaller dedicated area, not the main waiting room. Complaint shared with the team who now have a board to check to ensure patients are in the correct area.

### Tier 1: Organisational Performance Summary Quarter 1 (April 2025 to June 2025)



Key highlights:

### Tier 2: In-year 2025/26 performance of the Three Change Programmes





Objective: Balance system capacity to meet health care and population needs whilst delivering financial targets for 2025/26 in line with our finding balance principles

### Value & Sustainability Introduction of this Programme. What is this Programme about, what are we trying to do? How is this Programme addressing our Strategic Risks?

The V&S programme focuses on achieving financial balance, through identifying and implementing efficiency improvements and cost savings measures. This is achieved by becoming more efficient and increase productivity, removing unnecessary bureaucracy and waste from processes, and supporting departments in identifying areas of improvements is a key elements of the programme. The programme supports the mitigation on the following strategic risks: inability to achieve the aspirations set out in Plan for the Future due to financial resource constraints and inefficiencies. Insufficient change and innovation to create a system which can meet demand and deliver on our strategic intent.

Our Outcomes: What change or improvement do we expect to see by 31st March 2026?

<i>By 3</i>	1st March	2026 we	will have	made the	following	difference
-------------	-----------	---------	-----------	----------	-----------	------------

Outcome: The in-year financial gap is reduced by £30.9m through delivery of sustainable, cash-releasing, and efficiency savings across the organisation by 31st March 2026

Key Performance Indicator	Baseline	Quarter 1		Quarter 2		Quarter 3		Quarter 4		Insert sparkline to support circle markers	Narration about performance trend
	(Mar2025)	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target		
Total value of cash- releasing savings delivered (YTD and FYE)											
<b>Key Performance</b>	Baseline			Quarter 2		Quai	Quarter 3		rter 4	Insert sparkline to support circle markers	Narration about performance trend
Indicator	(Mar2025)	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target		
% of planned recurring savings achieved by 31 March 2026											
Key Performance	Baseline			Quarter 2		Quarter 3		Quarter 4		Insert sparkline to support circle markers	Narration about performance trend
Indicator	(Mar2025)	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target		
Variance between forecast and actual savings (FYE)											

Deliverable:			Key Outputs:					
1 · · · · · ·	rain a Value & Sustainability (V&S) programme with clear governance, oversight, or sustainable financial savings	, and	V&S schemes are tracked using an agreed framework	Programme updates go to Financial Recovery Board and Assurance Committees	KPI reporting is er tracking for outco			
Q1 Milestone	Q1 Milestone Update 2025/26 Overall Deliverable Update – what is the justification for this status?							
Achieved?						(include links?)		
Yes								

### **Tier 3: Our Performance Spotlights - Value & Sustainability**

## **Outcome:** Insert text here Commentary from **Our mitigation and recovery actions** a) What actions and mitigations are in place to improve performance and reduce harm? **Executive Lead** Our key risks, challenges and impacts... a) What are the key risks and challenges affecting performance? b) How will we measure the expected impact, and what could prevent success? b) Are there any unintended consequences or impacts on other KPIs or areas (e.g., workforce, infrastructure)? c) How have enablers supported the work towards this Outcome? (Workforce, Digital, c) If something hasn't worked, what alternative course of action will be taken? *Infrastructure, Innovation)* d) How have principles supported the work towards this Outcome? (i.e. Reducing health equalities, Putting People First) d) How are we addressing performance and getting it back on track? e) How will the performance of this Programme reduce our intolerable strategic risks?

### Tier 2: In-year 2025/26 performance of the Three Change Programmes 👺







Objective: Optimise system capacity and efficiency to enable wellness and respond to illness resulting in reduced clinical risk

### **Unscheduled Care**

The Unscheduled Care Programme Board exists to maximise the impact and alignment of improvement efforts across NHS Grampian, with the aim of improving performance across unscheduled care pathways, reducing risk, and enhancing patient experience. This is achieved by identifying and prioritising the most impactful change measures that align with the Board's strategic vision. These measures are then delivered through dedicated Delivery Groups, which are responsible for driving implementation, achieving the intended outcomes, and embedding successful initiatives into business-as-usual. Current priorities include strengthening admission avoidance, reducing length of stay in acute settings, and shifting care capacity towards community-based services to ease pressure on acute hospital occupancy. These focus areas directly address Strategic Risk 3639 - significant delays in delivering unscheduled care – which is largely driven by overcrowding in inpatient areas and changes in the nature of patient presentations.

#### Our Outcomes: What change or improvement do we expect to see by 31st March 2026?

### By 31st March 2026 we will have made the following difference....

**Outcome 1:** Fewer people with frailty and multi-morbidity medical patients are admitted to hospital unnecessarily.

Outcome 2: Faster, safer discharges from hospital are achieved through improved coordination between hospital and community teams and an improved balance in the volume of care capacity

Outcome 3: Increased proportion of people access urgent care through the right setting first time (e.g. NHS 24, Flow Navigation Centre), reducing demand on emergency departments.

Outcome 4: Implementation of an enhanced Unscheduled Care model which results in shorter stays in hospital and reduced wait times in emergency assessment areas.

Outcome 5: Hospital at Home/Community hospital capacity and Community Response services increase flow across the system and increase patient and carer satisfaction with care at home

#### Outcome 1: Fewer people with frailty and multi-morbidity medical patients are admitted to hospital unnecessarily through improved early identification and care in the community

Key Performance	Baseline	_	ter 1	Quai	ter 2	Quarter 3		Ouartor 1		Quarter 4		Insert sparkline to support circle markers	Narration about performance trend
Indicator	(Mar2025)	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target				
% of patients with frailty and													
multi-morbidity medical													
patients who receive same-day													
ambulatory care instead of													
hospital admission													

Deliverable:		Key Outputs:				
	y triage and assessment model at the front door, supported by a multidisciplinary team (MD ed 75+ within 2 hours of arrival	7-day frailty triage model operational at front door	perational MDT rota established to support daily frailty assessment paths implemented for 75+ patients			
Q1 Milestone	Q1 Milestone Update	2025/26 Overall Deliverable Up	odate – what is the justification fo	or this status?	OIP Alignment	
Achieved?					(include links?)	
					Yes, see page XX	

\*\*Click here for KPI RAG Rating, Circle Markers Performance Trend and Deliverable Status Performance Criteria\*\*

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Deliverable:			Key Outputs:				
'	care hub to stream medical patients to the most appropriate treatment pathways aub to minimise length of stay in an acute setting	and an	Urgent care hub operational with streaming pathways and referral criteria  Integrated discharge hub established with MDT and 7-day staffing discharge processes				
Q1 Milestone	Q1 Milestone Update		2025/26 Overall Deliverable Update – what is the justification for th	is status?	OIP Alignment		
Achieved?					(include links?)		
					Yes, see page XX		

### Outcome 2: Faster, safer discharges from hospital are achieved through improved coordination between hospital and community teams and an improved balance in the volume of care capacity

Key Performance	Baseline	_	rter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3		Ought 4		Ougutou 1		Ouguton 1		Ougutou 1		Ougutou 1		Ougutou 1		Ouguton 1		Ougutou 1		Ouguton 1		Ougutou 1		Oughton 1		Insert sparkline to support circle markers	Narration about performance trend
Indicator	(Mar2025)	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target		·																				
% of patients supported by Hospital at Home or Community Response services who are discharged from hospital and not readmitted within 7 days																															

Key Performance	Baseline	Quarter 1		Quarter 2		Quarter 3		Quarter 3		Ouartor 1		Insert sparkline to support circle markers	Narration about performance trend
Indicator (N	(Mar2025)	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target				
Achieve a 15% reduction in the volume of Delayed Discharges by March 2026 (compared to the 2024/25 baseline)													

Deliverable:		Key Outputs:		
	dised discharge protocol across all inpatient sites that ensures clear, timely referrals to Hospital inity Response teams for eligible patients, and follow up within 24 hours of discharge	Standardised discharge protocol implemented across all inpatient sites	Referral process in place to Hospital at Home and Community Response 24-hour figures.	ollow-up process established narge
Q1 Milestone	Q1 Milestone Update	2025/26 Overall Deliverable Upda	te – what is the justification for this status?	<b>OIP Alignment</b>
Achieved?				(include links?)
				Y, see page XX

<b>Deliverable:</b>			Key Outputs:				
Reduction in Commu community admission	nity Hospital Length Of Stay (LOS) to promote outflow from acute and increase capacity forns	r direct	Revised discharge processes implemented in community hospitals				
Q1 Milestone Achieved?	Q1 Milestone Update		2025/26 Overall Deliverable Upda	te – what is the justification for this	status?	OIP Alignment (include links?)	
						Y, see page XX	

### Outcome 3: Increased proportion of people access urgent care through the right setting first time (e.g. NHS 24, Flow Navigation Centre), reducing demand on emergency departments.

Key Performance	Baseline (Mar2025)			Quarter 2		Quarter 3		Quarter 4		Insert sparkline to support circle markers	Narration about performance trend
Indicator		Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target		
% of urgent care contacts routed away from ED through NHS 24, Flow Navigation Centres or other alternative care pathways in order to reduce											
occupancy pressure in inpatient areas											

Deliverable:		Key Outputs:			
	ion Centre model and enhance interface with NHS 24 and primary care by March 2026, ensuring all consistently triaged to the most appropriate service	Expanded Flow Navigation Centre model operational	Integrated digital and clinical interface with NHS 24 and primary care	Standardised triag for urgent care ref	je protocols in place ferrals
Q1 Milestone Achieved?	Q1 Milestone Update	2025/26 Overall Deliverable Upda	te – what is the justification for this	status?	OIP Alignment (include links?)
					Y, see page XX

### Outcome 4: Implementation of an enhanced Unscheduled Care model which results in shorter stays in hospital and reduced wait times in emergency assessment areas.

Key Performance Indicator	Baseline (Mar2025)	Quar	rter 1	Quar	arter 2 Quarter 3 Quarter 4		ter 4	Insert sparkline to support circle markers	Narration about performance trend		
indicator	(IVIGIZOZS)	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target		
% of ED patients seen, treated, admitted or discharged within 4 hours											

Deliverable:			Key Outputs:			
	uled Care improvement measures in relevant parts of the system by March 2026, including Sa Frailty @ the Front Door, Urgent Care Hub, Integrated Discharge Lounge, Discharge to Assess	me Day	SDEC and Frailty @ the Front Door models operational across relevant sites	Discharge to Asse	ss pathways upporting protocols	
Q1 Milestone Achieved?	Q1 Milestone Update		2025/26 Overall Deliverable Upda	te – what is the justification for this	s status?	OIP Alignment (include links?)  Y, see page XX

#### Outcome 5: Hospital at Home/Community hospital capacity and Community Response services increase flow across the system and increase patient and carer satisfaction with care at home.

Key Performance	Baseline	_	rter 1	Quar	ter 2	Quar	rter 3	Quar	ter 4	Insert sparkline to support circle markers	Narration about performance trend	
Indicator	(Mar2025)	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target			
Average length of stay in					_							
acute and community												
hospitals reduces to ≤ 10												
days												
The KPI: "% of patients accept	he KPI: "% of patients accepted into Hospital at Home service who rate their experience as 'good' or 'excellent' in post-discharge surveys" will be activated following full implementation of feedback system by March 2026											

**Deliverable: Key Outputs:** Standardised feedback system ntroduced a standardised post discharge feedback system for Hospital at Home and Community Response services, capturing Real-time data capture process in Feedback reporting mechanism real time patient and carer experience by March 2026. implemented across both services place for patient and carer experience established for service improvement **Q1 Milestone Q1 Milestone Update** 2025/26 Overall Deliverable Update – what is the justification for this status? **OIP Alignment** Achieved? (include links?) Y, see page XX

### **Tier 3: Our Performance Spotlights – Unscheduled Care**

## **Outcome:** Insert text here Commentary from **Our mitigation and recovery actions** a) What actions and mitigations are in place to improve performance and reduce harm? **Executive Lead** Our key risks, challenges and impacts... a) What are the key risks and challenges affecting performance? b) How will we measure the expected impact, and what could prevent success? b) Are there any unintended consequences or impacts on other KPIs or areas (e.g., workforce, infrastructure)? c) How have enablers supported the work towards this Outcome? (Workforce, Digital, c) If something hasn't worked, what alternative course of action will be taken? *Infrastructure, Innovation)* d) How have principles supported the work towards this Outcome? (i.e. Reducing health equalities, Putting People First) d) How are we addressing performance and getting it back on track? e) How will the performance of this Programme reduce our intolerable strategic risks?

### Tier 2: In-year 2025/26 performance of the Three Change Programmes 🐉





Objective: Optimise system capacity and efficiency to enable wellness and respond to illness resulting in reduced clinical risk

### **Planned Care**

Reducing the waits for elective treatment and diagnostics within NHS Grampian. Within year the focus is on the ministerial commitments and the number of people waiting at the end of the financial year. Longer term the focus is on redesign and transformation to achieve waiting times sustainably within core capacity, within year achieve and where we can better the agreed trajectories shared and agreed with Scottish Government. This programme relates to the inability to meet population demand for Planned Care. Reducing the waits to an acceptable level on a sustainable basis will reduces this risk directly.

#### Our Outcomes: What change or improvement do we expect to see by 31st March 2026?

#### By 31st March 2026 we will have made the following difference....

- Outcome 1: We want to reduce the number of patients waiting over 52 weeks for their first New Outpatient appointment.
- Outcome 2: We want to reduce the number of patients waiting over 52 weeks for their Treatment Time Guarantee procedure.
- Outcome 3: People diagnosed with cancer begin their first treatment within 31 days of the decision to treat, with improved coordination and increased capacity helping services meet national standards.
- Outcome 4: People referred with an urgent suspicion of cancer are diagnosed and begin treatment within 62 days, through faster access to diagnostics and more responsive, optimised pathways.
- Outcome 5: Reduce waits so that 95% of New Endoscopy patients receive their Endoscopy within 6 weeks of referral by the end of March 2026.
- Outcome 6: Reduce waits so that 95% of Radiology patients receive their scan and report within 6 weeks of referral by the end of March 2026.

#### Outcome 1: We want to reduce the number of patients waiting over 52 weeks for their first New Outpatient appointment.

Key Performance	Baseline (Mar2025)	Quar	ter 1	Quai	ter 2	Quar	ter 3	Quarter 4		Insert sparkline to support circle markers	Narration about performance trend
Indicator	(Mar2025)	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target		
<12,181 New Outpatients											
waiting over 52 weeks by the											
end of March 2026											

Deliverable:			Key Outputs:					
1 -	uded in the planned care plan to time, budget and outcome. Seek to reduce the revard and redesign outpatient services to deliver sufficient capacity within core capacity	_	All planned care projects delivered to time, budget and scope	Outpatient capacity delivered increasingly within core service levels				
Q1 Milestone Achieved?	Q1 Milestone Update		2025/26 Overall Deliverable Upda	erable Update – what is the justification for this status?				
						Y, see page XX		

### Outcome 2: We want to reduce the number of patients waiting over 52 weeks for their Treatment Time Guarantee procedure.

Key Performance Indicator	Baseline (Mar2025)	_	rter 1	Quarter 2		Quarter 3				Insert sparkline to support circle markers	Narration about performance trend
		Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target		
<3,703 TTG patients waiting											
over 52 weeks by the end of											
March 2026											

Deliverable:		Key Outputs:				
Reinstate the Short Sta	y Theatre Complex at ARI, stream and merge all NHS Grampian assets, work regionally to	Short Stay Theatre Complex at ARI	tay Theatre Complex at ARI			
reduce waits		fully operational and staffed	through merged scheduling	reduce longest v	waits	
Q1 Milestone	Q1 Milestone Update	2025/26 Overall Deliverable Upda	te – what is the justification for this	status?	<b>OIP Alignment</b>	
Achieved?			·		(include links?)	
					Y, see page XX	

## Outcome 3: People diagnosed with cancer begin their first treatment within 31 days of the decision to treat, with improved coordination and increased capacity helping services meet national standards.

	Baseline (Mar2025)	Quai	rter 1	Quarter 2		Quar	Quarter 3		Quarter 4 Insert sparkline support circle n		Narration about performance trend
indicator	(101012023)	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target		
95% of patients will be							_				
compliant with the 31 day											
standard as of end of March											
2026											

Deliverable:		Key Outputs:			
Deliver all projects inclu	ided in the planned care plan, to time, budget and outcome. Continue to work to sustainably	Cancer improvement projects	nt projects Capacity secured to deliver Treatment coor		
deliver the standard wit	hin core capacity	delivered to time, budget and	standard within core capacity	strengthened to	reduce delays
		scope		from decision to	treat to first
				intervention	
Q1 Milestone	Q1 Milestone Update	2025/26 Overall Deliverable Upda	te – what is the justification for thi	is status?	OIP Alignment
Achieved?					(include links?)
					Y, see page XX

## Outcome 4: People referred with an urgent suspicion of cancer are diagnosed and begin treatment within 62 days, through faster access to diagnostics and more responsive, optimised pathways.

Key Performance Indicator	Baseline (Mar2025)	Quar	ter 1	Quai	rter 2	Quarter 3		Ouartor 1		Quarter 4		Ouartor 1		Insert sparkline to support circle markers	Narration about performance trend
marcator	(171812023)	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target						
85% of patients will be compliant with the 62 day standard as of end of March 20256															

Deliverable:			Key Outputs:				
Deliver all projects include standard within core capa	ed in the planned care plan, to time, budget and outcome, continue to work to sustainably del acity	liver the	Cancer improvement projects delivered to time, budget and scope	Capacity secured to deliver standard within core capacity	Treatment coordination processes strengthened to reduce delays from decision to treat to first intervention		
Q1 Milestone Achieved?	Q1 Milestone Update		2025/26 Overall Deliverable Update	e – what is the justification for this s	tatus?	OIP Alignment (include links?)	
						Y, see page XX	

### Outcome 5: Reduce waits so that 95% of New Endoscopy patients receive their Endoscopy within 6 weeks of referral by the end of March 2026

Key Performance Indicator	Baseline (Mar2025)	,	ter 1	Quar	ter 2	Quarter 3		Quarter 3		Quarter 4		Quarter 4		Insert sparkline to support circle markers	Narration about performance trend
Indicator	(IVIAI 2023)	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target	Actual	Target						
95% compliance with 6 weeks															
within the 8 key diagnostic															
tests dataset															

Deliverable:			Key Outputs:			
Open a fourth endosco	opy room at ARI, merge into a single Endoscopy Service for Grampian, restart the EndoSign	service	ARI fourth endoscopy room opened and staffed	Single Endoscopy service model in place with unified staffing and scheduling	EndoSign service support triage and unnecessary proc	d reduce
Q1 Milestone	Q1 Milestone Update		2025/26 Overall Deliverable Updat	e – what is the justification for this	status?	OIP Alignment
Achieved?						(include links?)
				_		Y, see page XX

### Outcome 6: Reduce waits so that 95% of Radiology patients receive their scan and report within 6 weeks of referral by the end of March 2026

Key Performance Indicator	Baseline (Mar2025)	,	ter 1 Target	Quar Actual	ter 2	Qua	rter 3	Ouarter 4		Quarter 4		Quarter 4		Insert sparkline to support circle markers	Narration about performance trend
95% compliance with 6 weeks within the 8 key diagnostic tests dataset			_												

Deliverable:		Key Outputs:			
Deploy the second mo	bile MRI, implement funded improvements in capacity, in particular 7 day working as core capacity	Second mobile MRI deployed and operational to increase scanning	improvements in		
Q1 Milestone Achieved?	Q1 Milestone Update	2025/26 Overall Deliverable Updat	e – what is the justification for this st	tatus?	OIP Alignment (include links?)
					Y, see page XX

### **Tier 3: Our Performance Spotlights – Planned Care**

## **Outcome:** Insert text here Commentary from **Our mitigation and recovery actions** a) What actions and mitigations are in place to improve performance and reduce harm? **Executive Lead** Our key risks, challenges and impacts... a) What are the key risks and challenges affecting performance? b) How will we measure the expected impact, and what could prevent success? b) Are there any unintended consequences or impacts on other KPIs or areas (e.g., workforce, infrastructure)? c) How have enablers supported the work towards this Outcome? (Workforce, Digital, c) If something hasn't worked, what alternative course of action will be taken? *Infrastructure, Innovation)* d) How have principles supported the work towards this Outcome? (i.e. Reducing health equalities, Putting People First) d) How are we addressing performance and getting it back on track? e) How will the performance of this Programme reduce our intolerable strategic risks?

### **Operational Improvement Plan-2025/26**

The NHS Scotland Operational Improvement Plan is intended as a short term, realistic support to local health boards existing planning, and is the first part of a longer term commitment of reform and renewal to ensure long-term sustainability, reduce health inequalities, further harness the benefits of digital technology, and improve population health outcomes in Scotland, while focusing on the following 4 critical areas:

Improving access to treatment	Improving access to health and social care services through digital and technological innovation
Shifting the balance of care	Prevention – ensuring we work with people to prevent illness and more proactively meet their needs

#### For OIP topics that are data-driven and lend themselves to quantitative reporting

What is it?	What are we trying to achieve by 31st March'26	Are we on target?	If not, what actions have been taken to recover from this position?	Exec Lead	Notes (insert hyperlinks to national frameworks)
This is about 52 weeks	Insert KPI here	No	Insert justification here	Paul Bachoo,	
	No more than 12181 patients waiting			Acute Medical	
	more than 52 weeks			Director	

What is it?	What are we trying to achieve by 31st March'26	Are we on target?	If yes, what actions can be taken to sustain this position?	Exec Lead	Notes (insert hyperlinks to national frameworks)
This is about 52 weeks	Insert KPI here No more than 12181 patients waiting more than 52 weeks	Yes		Paul Bachoo, Acute Medical Director	

### For OIP topics that are project-based and not suited to quantitative reporting

What is it?	What are we trying to achieve by 31st March'26	Are we on target?	If Complete/On Track, what actions can be taken to sustain this position?	Exec Lead	Notes (insert hyperlinks to national frameworks)
			If Minor Delay/Significant Delay, what actions have been taken to recover from this position?		
Access to GPs & other Primary & Community Care Clinicians	Contribute to development of a new national quality framework and work to increase capacity and support recruitment and retention of GP workforce	Complete Minor Delay Significant Delay			

### **National Waiting Times Standards**

					11			
National Waiting Times Target/Access Standard (measurement definition, based on quarterly period unless otherwise stated)	Target	Quarter end Dec 2023	Quarter end Mar 2024	Quarter end Jun 2024	Quarter end Sep 2024	Quarter end Dec 2024	Benchmarking (of 11 mainland Boards quarter end Dec 2024: ranked 1st = best performing)	Commentary  Comment from service on NHSG's position
95% of unplanned A&E attendances to wait no longer than 4 hours from arrival to admission, discharge or transfer	95%	66.5%	66.7%	67.9%	67.6%	64.3%	7+1	Overall A&E performance increased over the first two quarters of 2024, before decreasing through the second two quarters to ember 2024. The level remains lower than at the same time evious year. We remain 7th of the mainland Boards for second consecutive quarter (with Ayrshire & Arran inproving); we remain below the overall Scotland level.
(% admitted, discharged or transferred within 4 hours of arrival at an Emergency Department or Minor Injury Unit)						iom of 20	24/25	This performance recovery is surprising, given the increased proportion of DD/DTOC in Acute wards. Close scrutiny remains from SG in terms of our ability to reduce ambulance stacking. Bed waits in ED/AMIA continue to outnumber ambulance waits on a daily basis. The key constraint remains admitting capacity over ED/AMIA performance at this time. — Q4 Update Pending
All patients requiring one of the 8 key diagnostic tests will wait no longer than 6					amples	iom	8th	Performance has improved each quarter through 2024. We remain 8th of the mainland Boards for the second consecutive quarter; we have been below the overall Scotland level for the last year.
weeks (% of waits of 6 weeks or less at quarter end)	100%	33.8%	39.4%	42.2% AOLDER	Exe		Scotland: 53.1%	Our elective care plan does not target this metric directly. However the Radiology service is showing sustained improvement and this is likely to persist to the end of the financial year given the financial funding associated with it. The rate of improvement in Endoscopy is likely to deteriorate as significant capacity ceased at the end of Dec 2024.
95% of New Outpatients should be seen within 12 weeks of referral (% of waits where patient was seen at a new appointment within 12 weeks of referral)	95%		PlACE 61.8%	65.9%	64.0%	62.0%	7th Scotland: 63.2%	Performance decreased for the second consecutive quarter, to December 2024, following an increase the previous quarter. This pattern was also observed at Greater Glasgow & Clyde, Highland, and Lanarkshire, as well as Scotland overall. We remain 7th of the mainland Boards, but have dropped below the overall Scotland level for the first time since quarter ending June 2021.
appointment within 12 weeks of referral)								Our elective care plan does not directly address this metric. Our longest waits to continue to be above trajectory though the lower waiting trajectories are over performing demonstrating a split between specialities. There has been a positive downward trend in the longer waits throughout January

National Waiting Times Target/Access Standard (measurement definition, based on quarterly period unless otherwise stated)	Target	Quarter end Dec 2023	Quarter end Mar 2024	Quarter end Jun 2024	Quarter end Sep 2024	Quarter end Dec 2024	Benchmarking (of 11 mainland Boards quarter end Dec 2024: ranked 1st = best performing)	Comment from service on NHSG's position
All TTG patients should be seen within 12 weeks of decision to treat  (% of waits where patient was admitted for treatment within 12 weeks of decision to treat)	100%	47.3%	43.9%	46.2%	46.1%	48.1%		There was an improvement in performance for the quarter to ember 2024, following a fractional decrease the previous r. We have moved from 9th to 8th position of the nland Boards (with a decreases at Dumfries & Galloway); we emain consistently below the overall Scotland level.  Our elective care plan does not directly address this metric. Our longest waits have broadly stabilised although above trajectory. The situation is not likely to improve until short stay surgical capacity is brought online which will not now be this financial year. The reduction in surgery and actual and potential changes of case mix in DGH is not yet stable enough to predict the overall impact this will have
95% of patients should wait no more than 31 days from decision to treat to first cancer treatment (% of waits where patient was treated within 31 days of decision to treat)	95%	90.5%	89.5%	89.7 A	Examplety	87.3%	11th Scotland: 94.8%	Performance decreased for each quarter through 2024. We remain with the lowest performance of the mainland Boards, and have been below the overall Scotland level since quarter ending June 2023.  We are not where we had have hoped to be, Capacity issues as well as infrastructure issues has slowed progress. Despite poor performance, levels of activity in the number of cancer treatments delivered have remained high.
95% of patients receive first treatment within 62 days of urgent suspicion of cancer referral (% of waits where patient was treated within 62 days of urgent suspected cancer referral)	95	.4%	91ACE 55.0%	60.6%	53.9%	60.3%	11th Scotland 73.5%	Following a decrease to September 2024, performance improved to December 2024. We remain with the lowest performance of the mainland Boards, and consistently below the overall Scotland level.  This is not where we would want to be, but the Q end June 2024 did meet the projected target for the period. Capacity issues, particularly in diagnostics, as well as infrastructure issues has slowed progress. Despite poor performance, levels of activity have remained high. The demand in referrals to cancer pathways have also remained high and outweigh available capacity which generates a backlog and thus any efforts to reduce the backlog results in a reduction in the performance and does not translate the work of the system to maintain or recover.

National Waiting Times Target/Access Standard (measurement definition, based on quarterly period unless otherwise stated)	Target	Quarter end Dec 2023	Quarter end Mar 2024	Quarter end Jun 2024	Quarter end Sep 2024	Quarter end Dec 2024	Benchmarking (of 11 mainland Boards quarter end Dec 2024: ranked 1st = best performing)	Commentary  Comment from service on NHSG's position
90% of children and young people should start treatment within 18 weeks of referral to CAMHS  (% of waits where patient started treatment within 18 weeks of referral)	90%	96.7%	97.4%	96.5%	97.9%	97.8%	3rd Scotland:	Performance decreased fractionally for the quarter to Dece er 2024. We have moved from 5th to 3rd position of the decreases at Forth Valley and remain above the overall Scotland level, and have to achieving the national target for the last year.  e services continue to operate with reduced capacity due to various financial/funding challenges impacting recruitment and retention of staff over the previous 2 quarters. Nonetheless, our performance to waiting times standards has remained relatively stable which we aim to maintain over the coming quarter.
90% of people should start their treatment within 18 weeks of referral to psychological therapies (% of waits where patient started treatment within 18 weeks of referral)	90%	76.4%	75.4%	81.7%	80.4% ER EXAM	ple from	6th Scotland: 80.5%	Performance decreased for the quarter to September 2024, following an increase the previous quarter. We have moved from 5th to 6th position of the mainland Boards (with improvement at Fife), and we have dropped just below the overall Scotland level.  The services continue to operate with reduced capacity due to various financial/funding challenges impacting recruitment and retention of staff over the previous 2 quarters. Nonetheless, our performance to waiting times standards has remained relatively stable which we aim to maintain over the coming quarter.
90% of patients will commence IVF treatment within 52 weeks  (% of waits for patients screened at an IVF centre within 52 weeks of a referral from secondary care to one of the four specialist tertiary care centres)	90%	100%	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	ACEHOLIC 100%	100%	100%	Scotland: 100.0%	We continue to consistently achieve the target  We are continuing to perform comfortably at our targeted goal.  Many of our patients are being brought through the pathway from referral to commencing of treatment on a much smaller timeline. We are managing outliers with delayed treatment for various reasons appropriately.