

NHS GRAMPIAN GENETICS & MOLECULAR PATHOLOGY LABORATORY SERVICES
REQUEST FOR PRIMARY IMMUNODEFICIENCY & PAEDIATRIC RHEUMATOLOGY TESTING

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Essential Patient Demographics (Patient label can be used)		
Forename:	Surname:	
CHI No.:	Date of Birth:	Male / Female (Circle as appropriate)
Address (must include postcode):		
		Postcode:
Pedigree No. (if known):	Genetics Reference No. (if known):	
Essential Referrer Details		
Referring Clinician(s):	Address for Report:	
Copy to:		
Ward / Department / Practice:		
Email address:		
Telephone no.:		
Essential Sample Information		
Sample Type:	Date Taken:	Time Taken:
High Risk: YES / NO If yes, please state risk _____ Notify lab in advance if high risk	Urgent analysis required: YES / NO	DNA / Molecular Genetics only Storage only: YES / NO
Specific test requested – clear indication of appropriate test is required		
SPIDeR SCREEN: Please tick relevant boxes on pages 2-5. PID classification according to IUIS 2017/2022 (<i>J Clin Immunol.</i> , 2018 38:129–143/ <i>J Clin Immunol.</i> , 2022 42(7):1508–1520)	SINGLE GENE SCREEN: see page 5 for details	PREDICTIVE TEST: please enter proband's and genetic variant details
Reason for referral & relevant clinical information:		
CONSENT: It is the responsibility of the referring clinician to obtain informed consent from the patient / carer for the test and for the sample to be stored for future diagnostic testing. Signature of referring clinician: _____ Print name: _____		

I. Immunodeficiency Affecting Cellular and Humoral Immunity	
A. Severe Combined Immunodeficiency SCID Defined by CD3 T Cell Lymphopenia < 300/uL	
SCID T-B+ (CD19 normal)	
☐	SCID T-B+NK- <i>IL2RG, JAK3</i>
☐	SCID T-B+NK+ <i>IL7R, CD3D, CD3E, CD247, PTPRC, CORO1A, FOXP1</i>
SCID T-B- (CD19 low)	
☐	SCID T-B-NK- <i>ADA, AK2</i>
☐	SCID T-B-NK+ w/ microcephaly <i>LIG4, NHEJ1, PRKDC</i>
☐	SCID T-B-NK+ w/out microcephaly <i>RAG1, RAG2, DCLRE1C (ARTEMIS)</i>
II Combined Immunodeficiencies (less profound than SCIDs)	
A. CID without associated syndromes	
☐	CID without associated syndromes <i>B2M, BCL10, CARD11, CD3G, CD8A, CD40, CD40LG, CIITA, DOCK2, DOCK8, ICOS, IKBKB, IKZF1, IL21, IL21R, ITK, LCK, LIG4, MALT1, MAP3K14, MSN, RELB, RFXANK, RFXAP, RFX5, RHOH, STK4, TAP1, TAP2, TAPBP, TFRC, OX40 (TNFRSF4), TRAC, ZAP70</i>
B. Combined Immunodeficiency (CID) with Associated or Syndromic Features	
1. Congenital thrombocytopenia	
☐	Wiskott Aldrich Syndrome <i>WAS</i>
☐	WIP deficiency <i>WIPF1</i>
☐	ARPC1B deficiency <i>ARPC1B</i>
2. DNA repair defects	
☐	Ataxia telangiectasia <i>ATM</i>
☐	Nijmegen breakage syndrome <i>NBS1 (NBN)</i>
☐	Bloom syndrome <i>BLM</i>
☐	PMS2 deficiency <i>PMS2</i>
☐	Immunodef. w/centromeric instability and facial anomalies <i>DNMT3B, ZBTB24, CDCA7, HELLS</i>
☐	MCM4 deficiency <i>MCM4</i>
☐	RNF168 deficiency <i>RNF168</i>
☐	POLE1 deficiency <i>POLE1</i>
☐	POLE2 deficiency <i>POLE2</i>
☐	NSMCE3 deficiency <i>NSMCE3</i>
☐	ERCC6L2 (Hebo) deficiency <i>ERCC6L2</i>
☐	Ligase 1 deficiency <i>LIG1</i>
☐	GIN51 deficiency <i>GIN51</i>
3. Immuno-osseous dysplasias	
☐	Cartilage Hair Hypoplasia <i>RMRP</i>
☐	Schimke syndrome <i>SMARCA1</i>
☐	MYSM1 deficiency <i>MYSM1</i>
☐	MOPD1 deficiency <i>RNU4ATAC</i>
☐	EXTL3 deficiency <i>EXTL3</i>
4. Thymic defects with congenital anomalies	
☐	TBX deficiency <i>TBX1</i>
☐	Charge syndrome <i>CDH7, SEMA3E</i>
☐	FOXP1 haploinsufficiency <i>FOXP1</i>
5. Hyper IgE syndromes (HIES)	
☐	AD-HIES (Job syndrome) <i>STAT3</i>
☐	AR-HIES <i>ZNF341 (Sanger only)</i>
☐	Comel Netherton syndrome <i>SPINK5</i>
☐	PGM3 deficiency <i>PGM3</i>
☐	CARD11 deficiency <i>CARD11</i>
6. Defects of Vitamin B12 and folate metabolism	
☐	Defects of vitamin 12 and folate metabolism <i>TCN2, SLC46A1, MTHFD1</i>
7. Anhidrotic ectodermodyplasia with ID	
☐	Anhidrotic ectodermodyplasia with ID <i>IKBKG (NEMO), NFKBIA (IKBA)</i>

8.	Calcium channel defects	
	Calcium channel defects	<i>ORAI1, STIM1</i>
9.	Others	
	Purine nucleoside phosphorylase deficiency	<i>PNP</i>
	ID with multiple intestinal atresias	<i>TTC7A</i>
	Hepatic veno-occlusive disease w/ immunodeficiency (VODI)	<i>SP110</i>
	Vici syndrome	<i>EPG5</i>
	Hennekam-lymphangiectasia-lymphedema syndrome	<i>CCBE1, FAT4</i>
	STAT5B deficiency	<i>STAT5B</i>
	Kabuki syndrome	<i>KMT2D (MLL2), KDM6A</i>
	Tricho-Hepato-Enteric syndrome (THES)	<i>TTC37, SKIV2L</i>
	HOIL1 deficiency	<i>RBCK1</i>
	HOIP deficiency	<i>RNF31</i>

III. Common Variable Immunodeficiency (CVID)		
A. Hypogammaglobulinaemia (IgG, IgA and/or IgM low)		
	B absent	<i>BTK, IGHM, CD79A, CD79B, BLNK, IGLL1, PIK3R1, TCF3</i>
	Common variable immunodeficiency phenotype	<i>ADA2, AICDA, ATP6AP1, BACH2, BCL10, BLNK, BTK, CARD11, CD19, CD20 (MS4A1), CD21 (CR2), CD27, CD40, CD40LG, CD70, CD79A, CD79B, CD81, CIITA, CTLA4, GATA2, ICOS, IGHM (Sanger only), IGKC, IGLL1, IKBKG (NEMO), IKZF1 (IKAROS), IL21, IL21R, INO80, IRF2BP2, JAK1, KDM6A, KMT2D (MLL2), LRBA, MALT1, MOGS, MSH6, NFKB1, NFKB2, NOD2, PIK3CD, PIK3R1, PLCG2, PMS2, PRKCD, PRKDC, PTEN, RAC2, RAG1, RAG2, RNF31 (HOIP), SH2D1A, SKIV2L, STAT3, STXBP2, TBX1, TCF3, TNFRSF13B (TACI), TNFRSF13C (BAFFR), TRNT1, TTC7A, TTC37, TWEAK (TNFSF12), UNG</i>
B. Other Antibody Deficiencies		
	Hyper IgM Syndromes	<i>AICDA, UNG, INO80, MSH6</i>
	Isotype, Light Chain, or Functional Deficiencies	<i>IGKC</i>
	High Bc numbers due to constitutive NF-kB activation	<i>CARD11</i>

IV. Disease of Immune Dysregulation		
A. Haemophagocytic Lymphohistiocytosis HLH & EBV Susceptibility		
Hypopigmentation (HLH)		
	Chediak Higashi syndrome	<i>LYST</i>
	Griscelli syndrome type 2	<i>RAB27A</i>
	Hermansky Pudlak syndrome type 10	<i>AP3B1</i>
	Hermansky Pudlak syndrome type 2	<i>AP3D1</i>
	Familial HLH Syndromes	<i>PRF1, UNC13D, STX11, STXBP2</i>
Susceptibility to EBV		
	Susceptibility to EBV	<i>RASGRP1, CD70, CTPS1, RLTPR (CARMIL2), ITK, MAGT1, PRKCD</i>
	EBV associated HLH	<i>SH2D1A, XIAP, CD27, FAAP24</i>
B. Syndromes with Autoimmunity and Others		
	Syndromes with autoimmunity (w/ increased CD4-CD8-TCR α/β) ALPS	<i>TNFRSF6 (FAS), TNFSF6 (FASLG), CASP10, CASP8, FADD</i>
	Syndromes with autoimmunity (with occasionally increased CD4-CD8-TCR α/β)	<i>LRBA, STAT3</i>
	Syndromes with autoimmunity (w/out increased CD4-CD8-TCR α/β , w/out regulatory T Cell defects)	<i>AIRE, ITCH, ZAP70, TPP2, JAK1, PEPD</i>
	Syndromes with autoimmunity (w/out increased CD4-CD8-TCR α/β , with regulatory T Cell defects)	<i>FOXP3 (IPEX), IL2RA, CTLA4, BACH2</i>
	Immune Dysregulation with Colitis	<i>IL10, IL10RA, IL10RB, NFAT5</i>

V. Congenital Defects of Phagocyte Number, Function, or Both		
A. Neutropenia		
Syndrome associated		
	Shwachman-Diamond syndrome	<i>SBDS, DNAJC21</i>

☐	G6PC3 deficiency	G6PC3
☐	Glycogen storage disease type 1b	G6PT1 (SLC37A4)
☐	Cohen syndrome	COH1 (VPS13B)
☐	Barth syndrome	TAZ
☐	Clericuzio syndrome	C16ORF57 (USB1)
☐	VPS45 deficiency	VPS45
☐	P14/LAMTOR2 deficiency	LAMTOR2
☐	JAGN1 deficiency	JAGN1
☐	3-Methylglutaconic aciduria	CLPB
☐	SMARCD2 deficiency	SMARCD2
☐	WDR1 deficiency	WDR1
☐	HYOU1 deficiency	HYOU1
☐	No syndrome associated	ELANE, HAX1, GFI1, WAS, CSF3R, MKL1 (MRTFA)
B. Functional Defects		
Syndrome associated		
☐	Cystic fibrosis	CFTR
☐	Papillon-Lefèvre	CTSC
☐	Localized juvenile periodontitis	FPR1
☐	β-Actin	ACTB
☐	Leukocyte adhesion deficiency (LAD)	ITGB2 (LAD I), SLC35C1 (LAD II), FERMT3 (LAD III)
No syndrome associated, w/ normal DHR assay/ NBT test		
☐	MonoMac syndrome	GATA2
☐	Specific granule deficiency	CEBPE
☐	Pulmonary alveolar proteinosis	CSF2RA, CSF2RB
No syndrome associated, w/ abnormal DHR assay/ NBT test		
☐	Chronic granulomatous disease (CGD)	CYBB, NCF1, CYBA, NCF4, NCF2
☐	RAC 2 deficiency	RAC2
☐	G6PD deficiency Class I	G6PD

VI. Defects in Intrinsic and Innate Immunity		
A. Bacterial and Parasitic Infections		
☐	Predisposition to invasive bacterial infections	IRAK4, MYD88, IRAK1, TIRAP, RPSA, HMOX1
☐	Predisposition to parasitic and fungal infections	STAT1, IL17F, IL17RA, IL17RC, ACT1 (TRAF3IP2), CARD9, APOL1
Others		
☐	Hydradenitis suppurativa	PSENEN, NCSTN, PSEN
☐	Acute liver failure due to NBAS deficiency	NBAS
☐	Acute necrotising encephalopathy	RANBP2
B. Mendelian Susceptibility to Mycobacterial Disease (MSMD) and Viral Infection		
☐	MSMD (severe phenotypes)	IFNGR1, IFNGR2
☐	MSMD (moderate phenotypes)	IL12RB1, IL12B, STAT1, IFNGR1, IFNGR2, TYK2, ISG15, CYBB, IRF8, RORC, JAK1
Predominant susceptibility to viral infection		
☐	Epidermodyplasia verruciformis (HPV)	TMC6, TMC8, CXCR4 (WHIM)
☐	Predominant susceptibility to viral infection – Herpes simplex Encephalitis	TLR3, UNC93B1, TRAF3, TICAM1 (TRIF), TBK1, IRF3
☐	Predisposition to severe viral infection	STAT1, STAT2, IRF7, IFNAR2, FCGR3A, IFIH1

VII. Auto-inflammatory Disorders		
☐	Monogenic Autoinflammatory Diseases (ISSAID/EMQN) * NEW	MEFV, MVK, TNFRSF1A, NLRP3, ADA2, NOD2, PSTPIP1, TNFAIP3
☐	Recurrent inflammation (Recurrent fever)	MEFV, MVK, TNFRSF1A
☐	Systemic inflammation with urticaria rash	NLRP3, NLRP12, PLCG2, NLRP1, TNFAIP3
☐	Others	PSMB8, COPA, NLRC4
☐	Sterile inflammation (predominant on the bone/ joints)	PSTPIP1, LPIN2, IL1RN, SH3BP2
☐	Sterile inflammation (predominant on the skin)	NOD2, CARD14, IL36RN, ADAM17, SLC29A3, OTULIN, AP1S3
☐	Type 1 interferonopathies	TREX1, RNASEH2A, RNASEH2B, RNASEH2C, SAMHD1, ADAR1, IFIH1, ACP5, TMEM173, CECR1 (ADA2), POLA1, USP18

VIII. Complement Deficiencies		
High susceptibility to infections		
Disseminated Neisserial infections	C5, C6, C7, C8A, C8B, C8G, C9, PFC (CFP), CFD	
Recurrent pyogenic infections	C3, MASP2, FCN3, CFB	
Low susceptibility to infections		
SLE-like syndrome	C1QA, C1QB, C1QC, C1R, C1S, C2, C4A, C4B	
Low susceptibility to infection (others)	SERPING1, CD59, CD55	

Others		
Very early onset inflammatory bowel disease VEO-IBD	ADAM17, AICDA, CD40LG, BTK, CD3G, ZAP70, WAS, CYBA, CYBB, *NCF1, NCF2, NCF4, DOCK8, EPCAM (Sanger only), FOXP3, GUCY2C, HPS1, HPS4, HPS6, ADA, IL2RG, LIG4, DCLRE1C, RAG2, IL10, IL10RA, IL10RB, ITGB2, LRBA, ICOS, PIK3R1, PLCG2, RET, SH2D1A, XIAP, SKIV2L, TTC37, SLC37A4, STAT1, STAT3, STXBP2, MYO5B	
Wiskott Aldrich syndrome	WAS	
Hereditary angioedema - full screen	SERPING1, F12, ANGPT1, PLG	

Rheumatology		
Assoc. with GI inflammation	ADAM17, AICDA, AP3B1, B2M, BTK, CBL, CD40LG, CORO1A, CTC1, CTPS1, CYBA, CYBB, DCLRE1C, DOCK8, FERMT1, FOXP3, GUCY2C, HPS1, HPS4, HPS6, ICOS, IFNGR1, IFNGR2, IKKKG, IL10RA, IL2RA, ITGB2, MAGT1, NCF1, NCF2, NCF4, NF1, PIK3CD, PIK3R1, PTEN, PYCARD, SKIV2L, SLC37A4, STK4, TTC37, VPS13B, WAS	
Hereditary amyloidosis	APOA1, APOA2, APOA4, APOC2, APOC3, APOE, FGA, GSN, IL31RA, LYZ, TTR, UNC13D	
HLH	DNASE2, LYST, PRF1, RAB27A, SLC29A3, XIAP	
Interferonopathy / SLE / AGS / complement	ACP5, ADAM17, C1QA, C1QB, C1QC, C1R, C2, C3, C5, C6, C7, C8A, C8B, C9, CFH, CFHR5, CFI, CFP, DNASE1, DNASE1L3, IFIH1, IRF8, RASGRP1, RNASEH2A, RNASEH2B, RNASEH2C, SAMHD1, SNORD118, TREX1, USP18	
Misc. Autoinflammatory conditions	ADA2, AIRE, AP1S3, CASP10, CASP8, COPA, COL7A1, CPT2, FAS, FASLG, FLNA, HTRA1, IL10, IL10RB, IL12B, IL12RB1, IL1RN, IL36RN, ISG15, LACC1, LPIN2, LRBA, LYN, MASP2, MAT2A, MBL2, MEFV, MVK, MYD88, NLR4, NLRP1, NLRP12, NLRP3, NLRP6, NLRP7, NOD2, NRAS, OTULIN, PRKCD, PLCG2, POMP, PRG4, PSMA3, PSMB4, PSMB8, PSMB9, PSTPIP1, RAG1, RANBP2, SCN9A, SERPING1, SH2D1A, SH3BP2, TMEM173, TNFAIP3, TNFRSF11A, TNFRSF1A, TRAP1, TRNT1, USB1, WDR1	
Stroke	CBS, CST3, GLA, HTRA1, NOTCH3, ADA2	
Vasculopathy	ACTA2, BMPR2, COL3A1, COL4A1, COL5A1, COL5A2, EFEMP2, ELN, FBN1, FBN2, FOXE3, GUCA1B, LMNA, LOX, MFAP5, MYH11, MYLK, NOTCH1, PLOD1, PRKG1, RHOD, RNF213, SKI, SLC2A10, SMAD2, SMAD3, SMAD4, STX11, STXBP2, TGFB2, TGFB3, TGFB1, TGFB1, YY1AP1	

Single gene screens		
C1 INH deficiency - HAE Type I+II	SERPING1 only - Sanger screen + MLPA	
X-linked CGD	CYBB Sanger screen + MLPA	
Familial HLH due to PRF1 variants	PRF1 Sanger screen + MLPA	
Adenosine deaminase deficiency (DADA) *NEW	ADA2 Sanger screen + MLPA (CECR1)	

Please note, gene panels highlighted in BOLD RED containing genes associated with hereditary cancers (MSH6, EPCAM, ATM, NBS/NBN, PMS2, BLM, PTEN) require additional consent

Incomplete or illegible referral forms may lead to sample rejection and a delay in testing
Please see www.nhsgrampian.org/medicalgenetics for sample & transport requirements